

## U.S. killer executed after 10 years

STARKE, Florida (R) — Convicted killer Robert Sullivan died in the electric chair Wednesday after spending 10 years on death row in Florida state prison. The execution was ordered only hours after Sullivan failed in his final court appeal for clemency and two days after a personal plea on his behalf by Pope John Paul. Witnesses said Sullivan's last words before the high voltage charge was applied were: "I hold malice to none and may God bless you." He was convicted in 1973 of murdering a restaurant worker by bludgeoning him with a metal bar and then shooting him four times in the head with a shotgun. He first confessed to the crime, but then recanted and began a series of appeals which took his case three times to the supreme court.

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## King visits army headquarters

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday called at the Armed Forces Headquarters in Amman and met with the Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn-Shaker and senior army officers. They discussed subjects of concern to the Jordanian Armed Forces, the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, said.

## Sharaf presents credentials in Denmark

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan's Ambassador to West Germany Sharif Fawaz Sharaf Tuesday presented his credentials as the Kingdom's non-resident ambassador to Denmark to Queen Margaret II in a ceremony held in Copenhagen.

## Cypriot envoy leaves

AMMAN (J.T.) — Cypriot Minister of Commerce and Industry George Andreou left Amman Tuesday after a two-day visit to Jordan during which he met with Royal Court Chief Ahmad Al Lawzi to whom he delivered a message addressed to His Majesty King Hussein from Cypriot President Spyros Kyprianou, the Jordanian news agency, Petra, said. Mr. Andreou later arrived in Baghdad and on Wednesday delivered a similar message to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, the Iraqi News Agency reported.

## Assad seen in public

DAMASCUS (R) — Syrian President Hafez Al-Assad Wednesday made his first public appearance in over two weeks when he inspected a newly-inaugurated bridge, Syria's official news agency SANA said. The bridge was due to be inaugurated by Mr. Assad himself on Nov. 16, marking the 13th anniversary of his coming to power in a bloodless coup, but he was hospitalised a few days earlier.

## U.S. foreign affairs chairman hospitalised

WASHINGTON (R) — Clement Zablocki, chairman of the U.S. House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee, suffered a heart attack Wednesday and is in critical condition, his office said. Mr. Zablocki, a member of Congress for 35 years, was taken to Capitol Hill Hospital after collapsing in his office Wednesday morning.

## Seat belt usage becomes mandatory

AMMAN (J.T.) — The new traffic law, enforcing the use of safety belts, will be implemented beginning from today, Thursday, Dec. 1, the Jordanian News Agency, Petra said Wednesday. Under this law all drivers and front-seat passengers must wear their seat belts and all those who fail to do so will be fined JD 5 to JD 15.

Fasten your seat belts or pay a fine, page 5

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## Fighting flares as Arafat asks for observers

TRIPOLI, Lebanon (R) — Fighting broke out Wednesday between supporters of Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat and Syrian-backed rebels, while Mr. Arafat himself was reported to have demanded foreign observers to supervise a disengagement plan.

Amid the rattle of small-arms fire, heavy-calibre shells crashed around the front line on the eastern outskirts of this northern Lebanese city in late afternoon.

It was not immediately clear which factions were involved in the exchange.

Since the major battles between Arafat loyalists and the rebels died down last week, local allies of both sides have borne the brunt of the skirmishing.

Sources on a peace team trying to disengage the rival Palestinian factions said Mr. Arafat was demanding international observers to oversee the plan as well as guarantees for the safety of departing fighters.

Mr. Arafat put his request to the peace team, which had given him details of the disengagement plan worked out by former Lebanese Prime Minister Rashid Karame, Tripoli's elder political statesman, the sources said.

The sources said Mr. Arafat was calling for Saudi Arabian officers, as well as observers from the United Nations or the 21-member Arab League, to supervise the disengagement.

He also sought clarification on what guarantees could be provided for any of his fighters who leave Tripoli by sea. The city is surrounded on land by Syrian forces and Mr. Arafat says it is blockaded at sea by the Israeli navy.

Mr. Karame's disengagement proposals are based on a joint Saudi-Syrian peace plan announced last Friday. It calls for a permanent ceasefire, withdrawal

## Shelling closes Beirut airport

BEIRUT (R) — Shells crashed onto Beirut airport's runway Tuesday forcing it to close in a new sign that Lebanon's fragile peace is failing apart.

Six heavy shells hit the airfield at dawn near the headquarters of the 1,500 U.S. Marines in the Beirut peace force, Marine spokesman Dennis Brooks said.

"There were no casualties, and these particular rounds did not endanger Marines," Major Brooks said.

But the government considered it serious enough to suspend flights. Fifteen shells landed in the airport area Tuesday night, but the airport remained open.

Flights were suspended briefly during bombardment on Nov. 7.

The airport terminal was almost deserted Wednesday, and airport officials said there were no planes on the tarmac.

Maj. Brooks said Wednesday's shells came from the southeast, but he did not say who fired them.

Militiamen of the mainly Druze Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) hold the mountainous region southeast of the airport.

The PSP said Tuesday it would retaliate forcefully if fired on.

It accused right-wing Christian forces of increasing their military activity and demanded that the Lebanese army withdraw its heavy weapons from residential districts.

Schools in east Beirut were closed Wednesday after the PSP warned parents there not to send their children to school.

Residents heard loud, steady booms southeast of Beirut, where security sources said the army was clashing with the PSP.

The army issued a statement Tuesday indicating it was losing patience with the bombardments that have become regular in spite of a Sept. 25 ceasefire that ended a month of heavy clashes.

## Klibi meets Khaddam

Bahrain (R) — King Fahd of Saudi Arabia launched a thinly-veiled attack against the United States Wednesday for supporting Israel at the expense of the Palestinian people.

In a speech published by the Saudi Press Agency (SPA), the king described the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) as the legitimate representative of the Palestinian people but he did not specifically name PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

The Palestinian people are exposed to the ugliest manifestations of persecution and oppression by the Zionist entity, which is supported by a world superpower," the monarch said.

"That superpower was supposed to fulfil the aspirations of the less-developed countries of the world, mainly the right to live in an independent state in their own homeland," the king stated.

Mr. Klibi, who met Mr. Khaddam immediately after his arrival, said the U.S.-Israeli agreement "aims at making Israel a dominating force in the region, obliterating the Palestinian people's rights and threatening Arab states' security."

Mr. Klibi had visited several other Arab countries before arriving here.

## Syria attacks U.S., Israel

Syria said Wednesday agreements reached between U.S. President Ronald Reagan and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir on new military and political ties were meant to make Israel the only striking force in the Middle East.

"These agreements basically aim at strengthening Israel to make it the only striking force in the region capable of keeping Arabs in a permanent state of war by launching aggression against them from time to time..." the state-run Damascus Radio said.

## Fahd raps U.S. support for Israel, backs PLO

claims are the basis of its international relations," King Fahd added, according to SPA.

The monarch's support for the PLO, without naming Mr. Arafat, reflected Saudi Arabia's desire to avoid taking sides in the inter-Palestinian dispute over Mr. Arafat's leadership. Gulf diplomats said.

In his speech, delivered indirectly to a committee on Palestinian rights, King Fahd said it was "most regrettable" that the United Nations had been unable to implement its own resolutions calling on Israel to withdraw from occupied Arab territories.

"Such implementation could take the form of granting the Palestinian people the simplest right enjoyed by all the other people of the world, mainly the right to live in an independent state in their own homeland," the king stated.

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Government spokesman Peter

## U.S. may lift ban on cluster bombs to Israel

WASHINGTON (R) — The United States has indicated it is ready to resume sales to Israel of cluster bomb artillery shells if it receives guarantees that the shrapnel-spraying weapons will not be used against civilians.

A senior U.S. official said Tuesday as President Reagan announced new political and military ties with Israel that Washington was prepared to lift its suspension on sales, imposed in July last year after the shells were used in civilian areas of Lebanon in violation of a U.S.-Israeli agreement.

But new sales would depend on conclusion of an agreement containing "a definitive guarantee against violation," the official added.

Mr. Reagan said after meeting Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir that the two countries would establish a joint political-military group to give priority attention to what he called increased Soviet involvement in the Middle East.

The president added that the United States and Israel were worried about the Soviet presence and arms buildup in Syria.

The new U.S.-Israeli ties were accompanied by U.S. agreement to lift some of the restrictions applied to aid to Israel and to take steps to bolster its economy.

Mr. Reagan and Mr. Shamir

## Gemayel flies to U.S.

PAKISTAN (R) — Lebanese President Amin Gemayel left for New York Wednesday following a brief stopover in Paris, officials said.

Mr. Gemayel arrived from Rome Tuesday night on his way to the United States for talks with President Reagan. He was seen off by a senior official of the French External Relations Ministry, but he had no political discussions during his brief stay.

Mr. Gemayel has said his meeting with Mr. Reagan was crucial, following stalled Lebanese reconciliation talks.

The reconciliation talks, in Geneva, stalled after five days earlier this month and were adjourned while Mr. Gemayel went on tour to seek new ways of persuading Israel to withdraw its troops from Lebanon.

Mr. Gemayel has said his meetings with Mr. Reagan were crucial, following stalled Lebanese reconciliation talks.

Mr. Gemayel left Italy without having obtained the firm assurances on Italy's determination to maintain its troops in the multinational force that he was seeking.

Political sources said Tuesday he received only partial satisfaction in a meeting with Italian Prime Minister Bettino Craxi over how long the 2,200 Italian troops would stay.

The Lebanese president told Italian Foreign Minister Giulio Andreotti his optimism over the reconciliation talks was based on contacts he had with the Saudi and Syrian governments, but he added that the consultations with the

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# MIDDLE EAST

## Turkish Cypriot team to attend Dhaka confab

NICOSIA (R) — The Turkish Cypriot administration in northern Cyprus is sending a high level delegation to the Islamic foreign ministers conference opening in Bangladesh Thursday, a spokesman said.

Turkish Cypriot spokesman Oktay Oksuzoglu told Reuters by telephone the mission would probably be headed by Kemal Atakol, designated foreign affairs minister of the Turkish republic of north Cyprus, which declared its independence two weeks ago.

The delegation will have observer status, but the new state intends to apply for full membership of the Jeddah-based Organisation of the Islamic Conference, which groups 42 Muslim states, the spokesman said.

A senior Greek foreign ministry official visited Saudi Arabia last

week and said his government would break off diplomatic relations with any country which recognised the Turkish Cypriot independence declaration.

The Greek Cypriot administration in the south is internationally recognised as the legitimate government of the island, divided since Turkish troops invaded in 1974.

So far only Ankara has recognised the Turkish Cypriot move, and initial reports Bangladesh had followed suit were denied.

Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf

Denktash said in interview with Reuters before his Nov. 15 independence declaration that, after Turkey, he pinned his main hopes for support on Muslim states.

Meanwhile, Cypriot Minister of Communications and Works Christos Mavrellis arrived in Muscat early Wednesday with a message from President Spyros Kyriakou of Sultan Qaboos. Bin Said, the official Oman press agency said.

It said the message dealt with the unilateral declaration of independence by Turkish Cypriots on the divided island two weeks ago.

Greek Foreign Ministry Undersecretary Karlos Populas visited Saudi Arabia last week and officials there said he had conveyed a message saying his government would sever relations with any country recognising the self-proclaimed Turkish-Cypriot republic.

In a speech in northern Israel, Mr. Herzog, a former chief of military intelligence, criticised the soldiers' reception.

He said it was not for him to say whether they should be court-

martialled, but he added: "The Israeli Defence Forces (IDF) have set themselves certain standards of behaviour in the face of the enemy. I'm not convinced these standards were observed."

The six surrendered with two other soldiers who are still being held by the PLO. Israeli press reports said the eight were at an outpost near Bhamdoun, east of Beirut, and outnumbered the guerrillas who took them prisoner.

Former army chief Rafael Eitan have charged that the way they were captured "brought shame on the state of Israel and on the IDF," and suggested that a military inquiry might decide to put them on trial for negligence.

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## Iraq concerned over state of POWs in Iran

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq has expressed grave concern over what it termed "the inhuman treatment of Iraqi Prisoners of War (POWs) in Iran" and asked the Red Cross and other international bodies to exert efforts "to force to Iran abide by the Geneva convention on POWs."

The English daily "Baghdad Observer" said Iraq's Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz made the appeal in talks Tuesday with Alexander Hay, president of the International Committee of the Red Cross, who is on a visit to Baghdad. It was not known if Mr. Hay

would also visit Iran.

The newspaper said Mr. Aziz

stressed that Iraq was committed to observing the Geneva convention in treatment of Iranian prisoners.

It also said Mr. Hay had expressed his satisfaction at Iraq's cooperation with his mission Iraq and for its "positive stand concerning POW issues."

Diplomats here estimate Iran has taken over 70,000 Iraqi prisoners since the Gulf war broke out in September 1980, 10 times the number of Iranian POWs in Iraq.

## U.S. RDF to have sea-based command

WASHINGTON (R) — The U.S. central command — formerly known as the Rapid Deployment Force — is to have a ship-based headquarters.

It said the 20-man headquarters unit would be based on the command ship of the navy's Middle East force of between three and five ships stationed in the Indian Ocean and the Arabian Sea.

Washington has been seeking a land-based headquarters for the central command in southwest Asia, but so far has not been accepted by any of the pro-U.S. governments in the region.

President Jimmy Carter established the Rapid Deployment Force as a quick reaction unit which could be rushed to friendly Middle Eastern countries to back them against Soviet-inspired aggression.

The Pentagon said the new command would act as a liaison with the friendly governments and help administer military aid programmes and joint military exercises.

U.S. forces regularly hold joint exercises with Egypt, Sudan, Oman and Somalia.

The new command will be headed by Marine Brig.-Gen. Ray Franklin, who will report to central command headquarters at MacDill air force base, Florida.

## King Hassan receives UAE aide

RABAT (R) — King Hassan of Morocco has received Dr. Mana Said Al-Oteiba, minister of petroleum and mineral resources of the United Arab Emirates (UAE), the Moroccan news agency MAP reported.

The agency said he delivered a message to the king from Sheikh Zaid Bin Sultan Al-Nahayan, president of the emirates, but gave no indication of its contents.

Last month Sheikh Zaid and Dr. Oteiba visited Algeria and Morocco.


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## Returned Israeli POWs arouse big controversy

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli President Chaim Herzog has entered a public controversy over the hero's welcome given to six Israeli soldiers freed in last week's prisoner exchange with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

The six, captured without a fight 14 months ago during Israel's invasion of Lebanon, were given a hero's welcome after they were released in exchange for 4,600 Palestinian and Lebanese prisoners held by the PLO.

In a speech in northern Israel, Mr. Herzog, a former chief of military intelligence, criticised the soldiers' reception.

He said it was not for him to say whether they should be court-

martialled, but he added: "The Israeli Defence Forces (IDF) have set themselves certain standards of behaviour in the face of the enemy. I'm not convinced these standards were observed."

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United Nations (R) — Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar said that the United Nations, and especially the Security Council, had a crucial role to play in Middle East peacemaking.

"I wish also to reaffirm my own determination to do everything in my power to advance this process and to promote the conditions for negotiation," he said at a meeting called to affirm support for the Palestinians.

UNITED NATIONS (R) — The Security Council has unanimously approved a six-month renewal of the mandate of the U.N. Disengagement Observer Force (UNDOF) separating the Israeli and Syrian armies on the Golan Heights.

The current mandate expires at the end of this month.

The 1,300-man U.N. force was established in 1974 and includes contingents from Austria, Canada, Finland and Poland.

The General Assembly's budgetary committee began consideration Tuesday of reports by Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar on the financing of UNDOF and the U.N. Force in Lebanon, known as UNIFIL.

The report on UNDOF said that the force would cost more than \$2.9 million a month starting on Dec. 1, and that arrears on its special account were \$4.3 million. There was a further shortfall for UNDOF and the U.N. Emergency Force (UNEF) totalling \$59.6 million.

## U.N. renews mandate of Golani observer force

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16:30 Koran  
16:45 Cartoons  
17:05 Children's Programmes  
18:25 We Are Moving  
18:50 Programmes Review  
19:00 Local Competition Programme  
20:00 News in Arabic  
20:30 News in Arabic  
21:00 Arabic Play  
21:30 Arabic Play  
22:00 News in Arabic  
22:15 Feature Film: Golden Gate — Peter King, Richard Giley

### FOREIGN CHANNEL

18:00 French Programme 13:00 World News 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Peoples' Choice 7:45 The World Today 08:00 News 08:30 News 08:30 Notebook 09:00 The Fighting World 09:00 World News 24 Hours News Summary 10:30 Country Style 09:45 Network U.K.  
10:00 World News 10:45 Reflections 10:45 International Soccer Special 10:30 John Peel 11:00 World News 11:45 British Press Review 11:45 The World Today 12:30 Financial News 12:40 Look Ahead 12:45 Two Hundred Years of Piano Playing 12:15 Monitor 12:30 Classical Record Review 13:00 World News 13:00 News in Arabic 13:15 Newscast 13:15 News in Hebrew 13:30 Barney Miller 14:10 Great Paintings 14:30 Love Boat 15:00 News in English 15:15 Feature Film: Golden Gate — Peter King, Richard Giley

### RADIO JORDAN

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JORDAN TIMES

## Book market slated for university

AMMAN (Petra) — The Department of Culture and Arts will open a "book market" at the University of Jordan Saturday.

The six-day market designed to display Jordanian books to be sold at nominal prices to encourage reading, according to a department spokesman Wednesday.

He said that the department has decided to extend a book exhibition held in Zarqa because the books sold there, also at low prices, have attracted thousands of visitors.

Book markets will be held in other parts of the country after the success of the Zarqa experiment, he said.

According to the spokesman, the department is organising at the Soviet Cultural Centre in Amman Tuesday a five-day exhibition of art by Zarhieh Zagtan.

On display will be examples of embroidery, national costume and traditional Palestinian dresses.

## Olive growing talks begin

AMMAN (Petra) — Ministry of Agriculture is taking part in a symposium on olive growing which started Wednesday in the Algerian capital and runs until December 15.

The symposium will discuss problems facing olive growers and the optimal ways for solving them.

The ministry representative at the symposium is Wala Agricultural Station Director Abdul Hamid Al Bashabshi who left Wednesday for Algiers.

Taking part in the symposium are representatives from countries in the Mediterranean region,

## 'Obeidat meets German criminal research chief

AMMAN (Petra) — Interior Minister Ahmad 'Obeidat conferred in his office Wednesday with the president of the Federal Criminal Research Department in West Germany (BKA), Mr. Boge, who is currently visiting Jordan at the invitation of the Public Security Department.

Mr. Boge also met Wednesday the department Director Mohammad Idris with whom he discussed the scopes of cooperation between security departments in both countries in the field of combating crime.

Following the meetings, Mr. Boge paid visits to the Princess Basma Women's Police Institute and the department specialising in combating forgery, and drug smuggling and abuse, and was briefed on their activities.

## French company outlines teletext system operation

By Ara Voskanian  
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Jordan Television, in cooperation with the French company Sofratec, held a seminar Wednesday on the methods of operating the teletext system, in the conference hall of the Amman Chamber of Commerce.

The seminar was opened by Director-General of Jordan Television Ahmad Kamal who stressed the importance of updating and modernising information equipment, adding that Jordan Television will utilise the teletext system early next year.

The teletext system is a commercial information system which transmits information in writing and tabulation form through television frequencies.

The viewer can choose such programmes through the medium of the television screen by the use of a simple control device, provided an additional teletext decoder is attached.

Following Mr. Kamal's opening speech, a detailed lecture was delivered by Francois Renvier from the French company during which he described the teletext system, the actual French service including all public and specialised

services and selective access and pay teletext.

He also discussed the American services provided through the Antiope System by CBS and NBC.

The Antiope Teletext Service is the operational phase of the French TV network ANTENNE TWO which was the first network to begin broadcasting a full teletext service in October 1979.

Since spring 1982, the French network has offered experimental captioning for the deaf and hearing-impaired for one hour every day which will be extended to three to four hours in 1984.

The information transmitted through the teletext system can either be comprehensive or in the form of brief news items from around the world. It can also be used to include bulletins from different government departments, announcements, financial information, consumer prices for commodities, weather reports and so on.

After Mr. Renvier's lecture, there was an open debate on the subject involving those who attended the seminar, including officials from information services, the press, and the Telecommunications Corporation.

## La Scala produces breathtaking performance

By Salameh Ne'matt  
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday awarded the Independence Medal of the First Order to the members of the Theatre La Scala Ballet Company who performed here Tuesday and Wednesday at the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC). The medal was presented to the director of the ballet company by Minister of Culture and Youth Ma'an Abu Nowar.

The company also received the Petra Shield of the Ministry of Culture and Youth which was presented by Issam Aridad, director of the RCC.

The ballet company from Milan also gave a special performance Sunday for King Hussein and Italian President Sandro Pertini. The company's visit here was as part of Mr. Pertini's tour. He left Jordan Monday, after a three-day visit.

The company, led by the world famous Prima Ballerina, Luciana Savignana and other principal dancers Bluma Radice and Giuliana Gaspari, performed the second act of Swan Lake with music by Tchaikovski and the ballet Bolero with music by Maurice Ravel.

With perfect skill and taste and with a harmony born of the talented imagination of Maurice Bejard, choreographer of the Bolero, Luciana Savignana starred in a breathtaking performance. She was successfully able to convert a picture of life into ballet form and



Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor and the Italian president, Sandro Pertini, pictured with the La Scala Ballet Company which gave a special performance for them at the Royal Cultural Centre Sunday.

was able to make the public reflect perceiving not only with feelings but also with a provocative rationality.

No less successful was the second act of Swan Lake, a work which expresses in a compressed and simple form, profound ideas and feelings. Again a magnificent performance by the La Scala Ballet — one does not know whether to applaud the brilliant talent or the perfect choreography. They really deserve the honour they received and it will be a long time before Amman forgets this show.

Dr. Angelo Dossena, artistic director of the company told the Jordan Times that is the first time in the long history of the company that they have received so great an honour as that granted by King Hussein. He said that it is also the first time that the company has performed in the Middle East.

Dr. Dossena, who has been the artistic director of the company for the last four years, said that the La Scala was both an opera and ballet house at the time when it was established in 1778. In 1813 he said, the company officially established the ballet school which since then has graduated performers who have created rich and varied repertoires to impress ballet fans all over the world.

Dr. Dossena went on to review the long history of the company since it was established until the present. He said that the company started including modern ballet in its repertoire in the 1950's with performances of "Eagle Nest," "Romeo and Juliet," "Dionesus" and "Vassillo".

The company will leave Jordan Thursday to go back to Italy where they will resume their performances beginning Dec. 7.

During the tour, the delegation visited archaeological and tourist sites.

The visit was organised by the Egyptian maritime transport company with the aim of promoting maritime transport between Egypt and Jordan.

## Mobile antiquities exhibition planned

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan is to organise a mobile exhibition of its antiquities to be taken on tour to a number of European countries from the beginning of the coming year, according to Antiquities Department Director Adnan Al Hadidi.

He said that the exhibition will display mainly pottery dating back to eras in Jordan. The exhibition is being organised in cooperation with the Belgian Royal Museum in Brussels and the Centre for Palestinian Archaeological Studies in Holland. Dr. Hadidi said.

According to Dr. Hadidi, another exhibition of Jordan's antiquities will be held in Amman at a date to be announced later. It will be organised in cooperation with the Geographic Centre.

Dr. Hadidi said that he held talks with the director of the Institute of Middle East Archaeological Studies at the Tunis University during his visit to Jordan in the company of President Pertini.

The talks centred on the implementation of a Jordanian-Italian agreement signed in 1982 for the restoration of the ancient Roman city of Jerash, and for training Jordanian staff at Italian institutes of archaeology. Dr. Hadidi said.

He added that Italy has undertaken to pay the cost of Italian archaeologists' stay and work in Jordan.

## Media team returns from Egypt trip

AQABA (Petra) — A Jordanian journalists' delegation returned here Tuesday evening at the end of a three-day visit to Egypt.

During the tour, the delegation visited archaeological and tourist sites.

The visit was organised by the Egyptian maritime transport company with the aim of promoting maritime transport between Egypt and Jordan.



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Consular Section of the Embassy will be open to public from Sunday to Thursday on week days (Friday and Saturday being closed).

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## THE BRITISH COUNCIL

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Registration for the GCE Summer 1984 has begun.

The closing date for entries is Tuesday morning, 20th December 1984.

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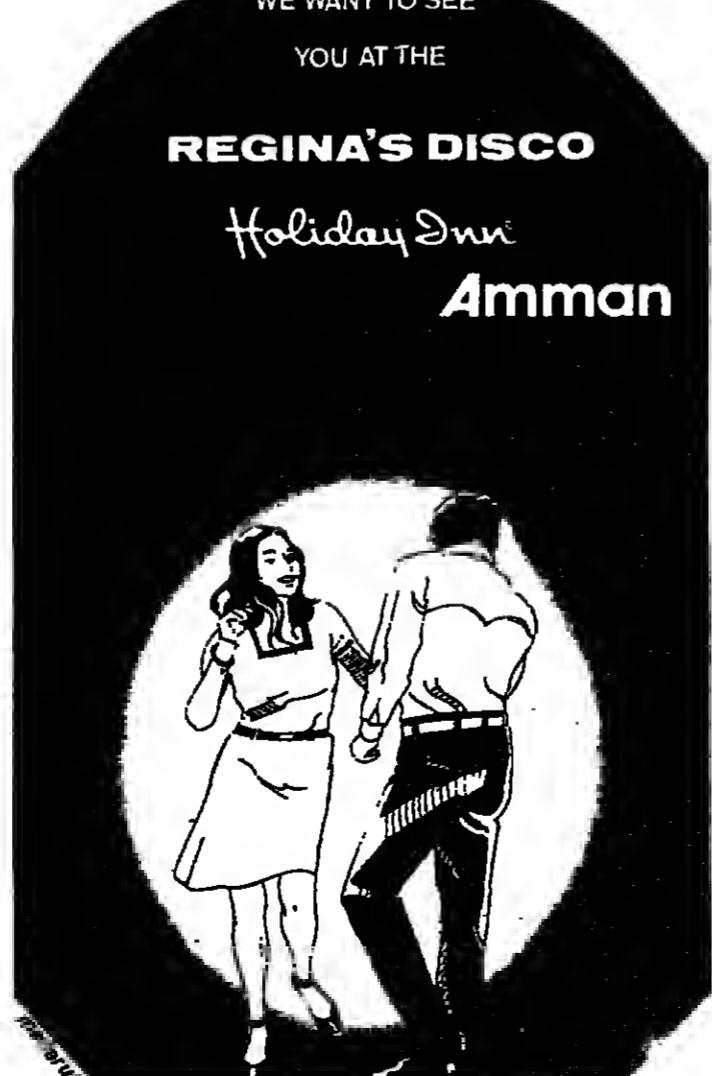
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# Jordan Times

Editorial page  
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## Easy answer... but wrong

EXPERIENCE tells us that successive U.S. administrations have always failed to understand the intricacies of Middle East politics. Whenever any of them, Republican or Democratic, discovered its handicap, there invariably was one way to go: more arms for Israel, and more money, would present the easy answer.

President Reagan's decision this week to "revitalise" U.S.-Israeli co-operation in Lebanon and on a wide range of global, regional and bilateral issues presents but a classical example of how America chooses to deal with the difficult and complex situation in the Middle East in a simplistic, and for that matter adventurous, manner.

The Americans and the Israelis seem to have a free hand in forging whatever relationship they want to have, for the Arab World is too weak and fragmented to answer back. But let us not be emotional: there is a host of other dangerous issues to consider.

To say that the Reagan administration did not understand, or agree with, the Arab position for the U.S. president to announce new political and military ties with Israel yesterday is only one way of looking at the results of Yitzhak Shamir's current visit to Washington. The other way — and there might be several others — of course is that some Arabs would call an historic U.S. enmity towards the Arabs and their aspirations.

The Arab World's moderates, with whom President Reagan also wanted to be friends despite his strategic alliance with Israel, are not supposed to subscribe to the view that Washington is an all-out enemy of the Arabs. But, at the same time, are they not aware that the Reagan administration is making a mockery of boasting its friendship with them by giving Israel even more support and money as Shamir pleases? Should they not feel odd or embarrassed at this particular time in the name of combating the so-called Soviet threat to the Middle East. Washington is in effect appointing Israel the policeman of the region and rearming it with cluster bombs to finish off what is left of us?

Certainly those Arab moderates whom we know do not want to be used by the Americans, or by anybody else for that matter; and even if they do, the cheap American-Israeli umbrella of "strategic cooperation" is the last thing they would want as a cover.

President Reagan and his administration are making a big mistake to think that by stockpiling more American weapons in Israel, he can frighten the Arab radicals and woo the moderates.

Such policies as adopted by General Haig in the Middle East, as indeed elsewhere, are proven to be harmful and bankrupt. When will America ever learn its lesson?

## ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

### *Al Ra'i: World no longer deceived*

OVER THE past two decades, world Zionism has deceived world public opinion in various forms so as to achieve its ambitions and objectives. The world was deceived and continued to deal with the criminal Israel as though it were the victim. The victim, namely the Arabs, were regarded as the source of terrorism and aggression. In 1967 when Israel launched its aggression against the Arabs and occupied all of Palestine and parts of the other Arab countries, the world began to wake up and to realise the dangerous situation in the Middle East. The U.N. Security Council Resolution 242 was a manifestation of that awakening. The Arabs also woke up and began demanding their rights, and also began to expose Israel's expansionist aims.

With the escalation of Palestinian struggle, coupled with the Arab Nation's declared desire to achieve peace, the international community started to offer its support to the Arab Nation and to support the rights of the Palestinian people. This support was crowned with the declaration of Nov. 29 as the day on which to commemorate solidarity with the Palestinian people. His Majesty King Hussein in his message Tuesday was keen to underline the meaning of this day and warned the world of the danger of overlooking the Palestinian people's rights. He said that the Zionists are exploiting the time factor and changing the demographic, geographic and cultural characteristics of the occupied Arab territory, and he also warned that any attempt by Arab countries to contain and dominate the PLO would be regarded as assistance to the Zionists in their endeavours. In Jordan, we live in theory and practice with the Palestinian people, supporting their struggle and sharing in their aspirations, and therefore we call on all Arab countries to help to prevent the enemy from exploiting the time factor and continuing to pursue its goals.

### *Al Dustour: Support not massacres*

IT IS rather a sad thing to see the world observing the Day of Solidarity with the Palestinian people at a time when we witness Palestinian fighters being killed and made to kill one another in northern Lebanon. The day of solidarity with the Palestinians is a day that should be devoted to helping the Palestinian people, who have suffered so much, to regain their lands usurped by the Zionist enemy.

The message embodied the Jordanian people's true feelings towards their brethren and also reaffirmed the historical links between the Jordanian and Palestinian people who are bound by a common fate and aspirations. It is because of this close and firm linkage between the two peoples that King Hussein has been displaying his strong opposition to attempts to impose a hegemony on the Palestinian people and their legitimate leadership.

### *Sawt Al Shaab: Ironic anniversary*

ON THE 36th anniversary of the partition of Palestine by the United Nations, one cannot help reviewing the long series of events that followed the declaration of that partition and the occupation of Palestine in 1948. Ever since that date, the Arab World has been plagued by tragedy and suffering, while the Palestinians have been scattered all over the world. The history of Palestine and the continuous Israeli acts of aggression on the Arabs represent the history of the Middle East region with all its wars and sacrifices in men and material. King Hussein's message on the anniversary Tuesday marked a reminder to the Arabs of these events and also contained a warning to world nations that attempts to impose hegemony on the Palestinians can only serve enemy plans.

King Hussein also stressed the fact that Jordan has always supported and will continue to support the Palestinian struggle for liberation because Jordan has always been the other face of Palestine embodying its peoples aspirations and objectives. It is ironic that this anniversary comes this year at a time when the Syrian and Libyan regimes are involved in attempts to destroy the aspirations and legitimate leadership of the Palestinian people.

## RED AND BLACK

# Deammanisation: Concept and solutions

By Jawad Ahmad

THE MAN who should be accredited with the term "deammanisation" is His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. In the Second Economic Development Conference held in Amman in 1976, the Crown Prince used the term to sum up one of Jordan's main economic worries and insinuate the solution to the problem.

The problem of course is the skewed population distribution of Jordan. It is estimated that 35 per cent of the Jordan population live in the city of Amman proper. The Greater Amman area hosts 57 per cent of Jordan's population. In other words 1.3 million Jor-

daniens live in approximately 3,000 square kilometres, while the rest of the 2.4 million inhabitants are scattered over 94,000 square kilometres.

As for the people of Amman itself, life has reached limits of diminishing returns. The return in terms of happiness is declining because of crowding, and competition. Efforts by the government to keep up are on all the time, yet people's appetite seems to be

The population distributions, however, involves more than meets the eye. The rural output and production

has diminished over time, and I tend to believe, that the population sub-numbers in Jordan's rural areas have negatively affected agriculture. Output was maintained at its current level by heavy labour and capital imports.

There is also the cost of transferring available resources from their current positions to their respective markets. Imports come basically through Aqaba and are hauled 320 kilometres to Amman. Moreover, water, energy and agricultural products take large investments and expenditures to secure them for the users of Amman.

What is the solution then to get around this problem? Deammanise. This means that productive ventures and infrastructural projects in the rural areas must be increased and beeched up. At this stage this is an expensive proposition. While the state budget is striving to reach a balance between government's current expenditures and domestic revenues, expanding services and production in rural areas becomes severely constrained.

What has to be done to fulfil this goal of enticing people to move outside Amman and to keep people outside it where they are? This can be achieved

by a combination of ideas.

First, by adopting proper legislation that would make it more profitable to invest outside Amman. The Encouragement of Investment Law can give tax concessions and tariff amenities. I believe the Ministry of Industry and Trade has done something to that effect.

Second, by endorsing a plan which would enhance the basic services and ensure their ability. Water and electricity are means to keep people in rural areas and enhance their facility. Roads of course is another outlet. Next year's 1984,

budget was declared as a year of water and electricity in rural areas.

Third, by enhancing the income in rural areas through encouraging agricultural production, marketing and price flexibility.

These proposition's are necessary and partially sufficient to do the trick. Universities in the North and South of the country will eventually create an atmosphere of local pride that could transcend the urge to move to Amman.

Deammanisation is a panacea in relation to the current situation.

## Heated talk in a non-violent setting

By Elie Shueiri  
Special USA correspondent

WASHINGTON -- In mid-November, as Lebanese anti-government forces were firing at the Lebanese army and American troops, two Lebanese opposition leaders were in the heart of Washington, holding forth on U.S. policy in Lebanon and the Middle East.

Supporters of Syrian President Assad and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Arafat were criticising each other and the Reagan administration within shouting distance of the U.S.-Capitol while Palestinian rebels were locked in violent battles with the forces of Yasser Arafat in North Lebanon.

At the same time, followers of Iran's Ayatollah Khomeini and those of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein were peacefully presenting their points of view in an atmosphere that made the carnage on the battlefields of the Gulf seem unreal.

The occasion was the 11th annual convention of the Association of Arab-American University Graduates (AAUG), where hundreds of Arab Americans, non-Arab Americans and Arab visitors convened at the Hyatt Regency Hotel in Washington Nov. 11-13.

Over 70 politicians, political scientists, journalists, sociologists and economists were scheduled to address the subject of "human rights and political and economic changes in the Arab World" during a three-day programme of panel discussions, lectures, seminars and workshops.

I, as an Arab newcomer to the United States, had never heard the clashing views of the Middle East discussed so openly and directly without resort to verbal abuse or physical violence.

The state of human rights and political freedom in the Arab World was abysmal, according to Dr. Fouad Moughrabi, professor of political science at Chattanooga University in the state of Tennessee. He maintained that most

Arab countries were virtual police states — a condition partially due to the creation of Israel — the flood of petromoney and the sophisticated technology and information systems placed at their disposal by the West.

Lebanese opposition leader Abdallah Saadeh, former chief of Lebanon's National Syrian Socialist Party and an ally of George Hwari in the Lebanese crisis, expressed the frustration of some participants with American Middle East policy when he stated: "with all due respect to Mr. Hwari, we are not pro-Soviet, but the Soviets are pro-Arab. On the other hand, we are not anti-American, but Americans seem to be anti-Arab."

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## Fasten your seat belts or pay a fine

Upon the instructions of Minister of Interior Ahmad 'Obaidat, the new traffic law, enforcing the use of safety belts, will be implemented beginning from today, Thursday Dec. 1. Under this law, all drivers and passengers must wear their car seat belts. All those cars that do not have seat belts have until June 1984 to install them. All those drivers and passengers who do not abide by this new law will be fined JD 5 to 15. The decision to make wearing seat belts compulsory was based upon a study by the Royal Automobile Club of Jordan (RAC), which was submitted to the Interior Ministry and other responsible government departments prior to the adoption of the new traffic law by the National Consultative Council (NCC) earlier this year. The following is major excerpts from the RAC study and its recommendations:

In a country such as Jordan road accidents account for more death, personal injury and property damage than any other cause. Much has been spoken about this deplorable and sad situation. Some action, but not enough, has been and is being exerted by various official as well as private organisations to reduce accidents and improve road safety. Unfortunately results have been minimal so far and the numbers of drivers, passengers and others who are killed and injured continue to rise.

The available expertise and manpower at the disposal of the various government departments is at present insufficient in order to cope with the irresponsibility, ignorance and selfishness that a large proportion of drivers display on the roads of the kingdom. In the present situation it is obviously extremely difficult, if not impossible, to effect a significant improvement in driver safety by trying to introduce new traffic regulations and to endeavour to strictly enforce existing ones when there is insufficient manpower for this purpose and more important, the level of training of existing licensed drivers has been so low and also bearing in mind the negative, selfish and uncooperative attitude

of the majority of drivers.

This being the case it is quite clear that the present level of road accidents is going to continue for a long time or may be only slightly reduced due to strict law enforcement. There is clearly a very strong case in favour of the introduction of legislation initially publicising the use of seat belts and eventually compelling drivers and front seat passengers to use them. As long as road accidents are going to continue at such a high level it is obviously a great advantage and benefit if the lives of those involved can be saved!

It is generally agreed throughout the world that there is another factor than seat belts that could be introduced which could dramatically reduce deaths and injuries arising from road accidents and at so little cost to the society.

### Recommendations

The facts show that there is a significant reduction in death and injury to drivers and front seat passengers when wearing proper seat belts.

The introduction of legislation enforcing the use of safety belts, in certain categories of vehicles, to

Jordan would in all probability result in an immediate reduction of approximately 25 per cent in the numbers of persons killed and injured in road accidents.

Most passenger cars in use in Jordan are already fitted with seat belts. Those which probably not have fitting places already are prepared and if adequate time is allowed then all vehicles which would eventually come within the scope of any sensible legislation would be easily able to comply.

Therefore in light of other countries' experience, which have introduced seat belt legislation, the following recommendations would appeal to form the basis of a logical and sensible course to follow in the interests of road safety:-

1. All passenger vehicles with up to 12 must be fitted with seat belts to the drivers and front passengers seats. Similarly all other vehicles up to a 3.5 metric tons weight must be fitted with seat belts for the driver and front seat passenger (such vehicles are delivery vans, mini buses, pickups and light trucks, four wheel drive vehicles etc). This would apply to all such vehicles which are less than 10 years old.

2. Seat belts should be of the three point anchorage type. The seat belts can be of the fixed type or can be attached to an interia reel which keeps the belt under light tension and rolls it up when not in use. The interia reel must lock itself when the vehicle is subjected to any sudden or violent movement.

3. Legislation should be introduced making it compulsory for all vehicles that are permanently imported into Jordan and which are in compliance with item 1 above to be fitted with seat belts to

the front seats by the vehicle manufacturer. This would be one of the first steps in the introduction of a seat belt law.

4. A period of approximately 6-9 months should be specified as an interim period during which all drivers and front seat passengers are recommended and encouraged to wear seat belts. This period also gives time for vehicle owners to fit seat belts to such vehicles that do not already have them.

5. During this period a carefully planned and executed publicity campaign should be launched in the media and in other ways aimed at educating and encouraging drivers and front seat passengers to wear seat belts.

6. After the period of recommended use of seat belts, it should then be compulsory for all drivers and front seat passengers as well as children to wear seat belts subject to exemptions as described elsewhere in this report.

7. The police authorities should receive special training in ways of enforcing any regulations that are issued as well as being fully conversant with such laws. As has happened in the past the lack of enforcement of traffic laws has lead to their being abused or ignored. If a seat belt law is to be effective it must be strictly implemented. For this reason the proposed publicity campaign is very important because drivers and passengers should be convinced of the safety advantages which would encourage them to voluntarily wear seat belts without having to be forced to by the provisions and penalties contained in relevant legislation.

8. It has been shown by experience gained in many countries that there is no safety advantage to

be gained by the use of safety belts in large commercial vehicles, buses etc. The advantages to be gained by seat belts are only to be had in vehicles of 3.5 tons or less.

9. It should be made illegal for children under the age of 12 years to ride in the front seats of cars without using special restraints that are specially designed for children, otherwise they should occupy the rear seats.

10. The penalties that can be imposed by the authorities for not wearing seat belts, once the law is introduced, should be severe enough to deter people from contravening such legislation. After all, this is the exact purpose and intention of having penalties. If the penalty is too low it will not act as a deterrent, a case in point being the fines imposed for exceeding speed limits which have so far had no effect in generally reducing the speeds at which people drive. A fine of JD 50 - or more would make people hesitate before not wearing seat belts.

11. Import licences should not be used for the importation of seat belts, child restraints and child safety seats that do not comply with the international standards of safety and quality. Samples should be made available for examination by experts, or a committee which would have to approve them before they would be allowed to be

imported.

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## Western aid to poor states is likely to fall

PARIS (R) — Western aid to poor countries is likely to fall in the next two years but better coordination between donors and recipients could compensate, a senior official at the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) said Tuesday.

The chairman of the OECD's Development Assistance Committee (DAC), Mr. Rutherford Poats, told reporters donor countries were likely to give a smaller proportion of their gross national product as aid despite expeditions of economic recovery.

But he praised the committee's 17 member countries for increasing real aid transfers by an annual rate of some 5 per cent over the last 5 years despite recession.

Mr. Poats said aid was likely to rise by an annual two to 2.5 per cent this year and next — lower than the likely growth rate of Western countries.

He said DAC members wanted to improve the coordination of aid transfers with the poor nations.

## Iran allocates \$4b to war against Iraq

TEHRAN (R) — Iran is allocating nearly \$11 million a day to the war against Iraq in the next financial year, and will if necessary increase this figure to this year's level of \$16 million, Prime Minister Mir-Hossein Moussavi told parliament Tuesday.

Mr. Moussavi presented a government budget totaling 4,235 billion riyals (\$48.2 billion) for the financial year starting next March 21.

Inflation in Iran is running at about 20 per cent, but the budget showed a relatively modest increase of less than 14 per cent over this year's estimated spending of 3,727.9 billion riyals (\$42.4 billion).

In a speech to the assembly broadcast on Tehran radio, Mr. Moussavi said 350 billion riyals (\$4 billion) would be allocated for direct war expenditure, but this could if necessary be raised to 500 million riyals (\$5.7 billion), the expected level for this year.

About a third of total spending was accounted in some way with the three-year-old war, he added.

## Jakarta, Tunis to step up trade

JAKARTA (OPECNA) — Indonesia and Tunisia will set up a joint economic commission, according to an agreement signed here by Foreign Minister Mochtar Kusumamadja and visiting Tunisian Foreign Minister Beji Caid Essebsi. Indonesian exports to Tunisia — tobacco, tea, minerals — this year were less than \$1 million against imports of \$29 million, mainly phosphates for its fertilizer industry.

## THE BETTER HALF

By Harris



## JUMBLE

THAT SCRABBLE WORD GAME  
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

**KULFE**

**COAME**

**AFAIRS**

**NOGARD**

FRANKENSTEIN WAS LONELY UNTIL HE DISCOVERED HOW TO DO THIS.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Answer: **ANSWER**

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumble: **APPLY BURLY FAMILY JUNGLE**

Answer: The kangaroo visited a shrink because he had been feeling this lately — **JUMPY**

## NEWS IN BRIEF

### Egypt leaves oil prices unchanged

CAIRO (R) — Egypt decided Wednesday to leave its crude oil prices unchanged during December despite earlier trade speculation that weakness in the international oil market might force it to shave quotes. The Egyptian General Petroleum Corporation confirmed that, after its regular month-end price review, Suez blend Egyptian crude oil remained priced at \$24.50 for a barrel.

### Moscow boosts trade with Kabul

ISLAMABAD (R) — Moscow has dramatically increased trade with Afghanistan. Figures from the Afghan commerce ministry showed that trade over the past six months between northern Afghanistan and Soviet Central Asia was worth \$1.2 million, 250 per cent more than the same period last year, they said. Although the value of the trade was relatively low the increase was significant, Western diplomats said.

### Sugar pact talks fixed for January

LONDON (R) — Informal talks between sugar exporting countries on a new international sugar agreement have been fixed for January. International Sugar Organisation Executive Director William Miller said Tuesday. Previous efforts to reach a new agreement between exporter and importer nations have founders over ways of designing price stabilisation measures. Sugar delegates based here said agreement on a meeting beginning on Jan. 16 followed a European Community decision to negotiate on the basis of export entitlements being linked to past performance.

### Arab Bank to lend Zimbabwe \$8m

KHARTOUM (R) — The Khartoum-based Arab Bank for Economic Development in Africa said Wednesday it had agreed to lend Zimbabwe \$8 million to finance telecommunications projects. The loan, at an interest rate of 7 per cent, is repayable over 14 years including a 4-year grace period.

### Experts to study Nigerian projects

LAGOS (OPECNA) — President Shehu Shagari has set up a four-member task force to review all projects expected to cost more than \$40 million. The task force will identify "core and non-core projects within a national framework of an accepted rate of return on investment required for completion." Mr. Gamaliel Oosoode, presidential adviser on budget affairs, described core projects as those with "high economic priority" which should be completed speedily. Non-core projects would be temporarily shelved or abandoned, he added.

saying that Iran also faced problems posed by inflation, lack of infrastructure, lack of skilled personnel and a swelling bureaucracy.

Revenues from sales of crude oil, the government's main source of income, were expected to reach 2,051 billion riyals (\$23.4 billion) next year, marginally down from this year's estimated oil income of 2,088.5 billion riyals (\$23.8 billion).

Iran says it is producing 2.4 million barrels per day (b/d) of oil, the quota allocated to it by the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), but has indicated it wants to pump more.

Officials say rising domestic consumption, now running at one million b/d, is limiting the amount the country can sell abroad and so restricting its foreign earnings.

Mr. Moussavi said government revenues next year would total 3,919.3 billion riyals (\$44.6 billion) and the deficit would be bridged by borrowing from local banks.

MEPC rose 2p to 261 in an occasionally mixed property sector after full year results in line with market expectations. BPP Industries lost 1p to 25p on profit taking after its interim.

Banks gained up to 5p while in mixed insurances Eagle Star was unchanged at 679. Oils eased a penny or two.

Courtaulds fell 4p to 117 and Allied-Lyons lost 2p to 151 on profit taking having moved up Tuesday after results. Dealers said there was more selling in Charter Consolidated and the shares closed 5p off at 2118.

## LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — Gold shares closed higher following the sharp rise in the bullion price but the rest of the equity market closed mixed and the initial markup attracted profit taking, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was up 1.7 at 747.4.

Gains in heavyweight gold producers ranged to \$6 and in the industrial sector. Glaxo showed a net rise of 16p at 788. Beecham met profit taking after better than expected interim results and was 3p off at 330 after 343 while ICL was also 3p lower at 59 following full year results short of expectations.

Government bonds firmed up to 7p point in small turnover and North American shares were mixed.

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## Dollar falls sharply on European markets after record U.S. deficit

LONDON (R) — The U.S. dollar was sharply lower on European exchanges Wednesday following heavy selling in New York after an unexpected record U.S. trade deficit in October.

The U.S. currency opened here at 2.71411 marks down on Tuesday night's 2.71411 but improved from Tuesday's close in New York at 2.6963.

The dollar had risen to 2.7250 marks in New York from state prosecutor was to bring charges against Economics Minister Otto Lamborghini and his predecessor Mr. Hans Friderichs, now chief executive of Dresdner Bank, in connection with an alleged bribery scandal.

Intervention by the Bundesbank, West Germany's central bank, stopped the rise and it was later reversed by the announcement of a record U.S. trade gap blamed on increased imports of oil and other goods.

In erratic morning trading in Europe, the dollar/mark parity showed no clear direction but the U.S. currency was significantly weaker against the Swiss and French francs.

It opened in London at 2.1695 Swiss francs after Tuesday night's 2.1798 and at 8.2135 French

francs after Tuesday's 8.2495.

Against the yen the U.S. currency was marginally down at 233.95 yen but dealers said the dollar's underlying tone would remain firm in view of continued high U.S. interest rates and international tensions.

Meanwhile increased oil imports and other goods helped push the U.S. trade deficit in goods to a record high of \$8.97 billion in October, the Commerce Department reported Tuesday.

Government trade analysts blamed the sharply increased deficit on the strength of the dollar and greater demand for petroleum and other imported goods resulting from the continuing U.S. economic recovery.

The dollar's strength, which tends to discourage U.S. exports, would continue until interest rates came down, said Commerce Secretary Malcolm Baldrige.

The October deficit, which did not include services, compared with September's \$5.81 billion and easily eclipsed the last high set in August of \$7.19 billion.

The shortfall pushed the visible trade deficit for the first 10 months of the year to \$55.56 billion, more than the \$42.69 billion figure for the whole of 1982.

Department analysts said October's figures meant the administration 1983 deficit forecast of \$65 to \$70 billion would probably be surpassed.

The administration will not consider new taxes simply to meet a bloated budget. We want spending reductions," Mr. Regan said, criticising congressional resistance to spending cuts.

In a speech to Washington business leaders, he called the deficit a "threat to everything we are trying to accomplish." It was the first administration reference in months to the deficit's harmful economic impact.

In his rejection of a tax increase next year, Mr. Regan clashed once again with the president's chief economic adviser, Mr. Martin Feldstein, who says a tax rise is necessary.

## YOUR DAILY Horoscope

from the Carroll Righter Institute

### FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1983

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** Until noon, you still have the chance to get other persons' cooperation. Wind up conversations and discussions already started. The latter part of the day finds you eager to make changes.

**ARIES** (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Seek out those who can be of assistance to you and then carry through with that plan you have in mind. A civic matter needs attention.

**Taurus** (Apr. 20 to May 20) Ideal morning to finish a task you started yesterday and then you have time for some outside affair.

**GEMINI** (May 21 to June 21) Get creative talents working nicely early in the day. Then take them to people who can make any needed changes.

**MOON CHILDREN** (June 22 to Jul. 21) Get everything around you nicely organized and then you can make those changes where a personal relationship is concerned.

**LEO** (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Give full attention to communications in the morning and handle them well. Steer clear of argumentative persons.

**VIRGO** (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Concentrate on minute details of financial affairs in the morning. State what you desire to your partners.

**LIBRA** (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Early morning is best for going after what is most desired of a personal nature, but later avoid extravagance of any kind.

**SCORPIO** (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) It is vital that you take care of private matters in the morning, since later, personal affairs may be suddenly changed.

**SAGITTARIUS** (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Work toward gaining personal goals in the morning. Make progress, but later avoid restlessness on the job.

**CAPRICORN** (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Handle career work early so that later you can give your attention to personal matters. You will gain your aims.

**AQUARIUS** (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Study into new interests that could prove lucrative in the future. You may have to make changes in vocational matters.

**PISCES** (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Give your full attention to a business matter of importance in the morning. Later, get into a fascinating new venture.

**IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY** ... he or she will prove fascinating to have around and be a model child. Be sure to give praise and affection so that the fine mind here will develop properly. Give good spiritual training early, as well as cultural advantages.

"The Stars impel; they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

### FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1983

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** A day to look at all the various aspects of whatever you want to do in the future. Decide just how you can best operate to make them work for you. Develop a campaign of action.

**ARIES** (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Talk over with business people how best to handle your important affairs and gain good advice. Pay outstanding bills.

**Taurus** (Apr. 20 to May 20) Get at the root of problems with associates. Handle them wisely by being better organized. Take untoward conditions in stride.

**GEMINI** (May 21 to June 21) You have so much to do that it would be well to avoid all distractions and accomplish a good deal. Avoid a jealous co-worker.

**MOON CHILDREN** (June 22 to Jul. 21) Arrange to have more of the pleasure that really sends you in the future. Get busy at your regular work and gain benefits.

**LEO** (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) You have good ideas you think kin will approve of, but state them in a diplomatic way for best results. Postpone dinner invitations.

**VIRGO** (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Handle many communications well today. Answer questions put to you directly and honestly for best results.

**LIBRA** (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You can solve those financial affairs well now that have had you bothered for some time. Study how to improve your property.

**SCORPIO** (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Tap your subconscious and know what should be done to improve your status, both in business and personal matters.

**SAGITTARIUS** (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Be more concerned with private matters and get them working like a charm. Handle business affairs wisely.

**CAPRICORN** (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You have neglected to see good friends of late. This would be a good day to contact them. Drive carefully.

**AQUARIUS** (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Get busy at career work and give it your full attention. Do what high-ups expect of you. Pay pressing bills.

**PISCES** (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Sit at your desk and figure out what should be done in the days ahead so that your position in life is considerably bettered.

**IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY** ... he or she will be full of life and very charismatic. Be sure to direct all this energy in proper channels and give good moral and ethical training early that will be helpful to him or her. Make sure your progeny gets enough good food and exercise.

"The Stars impel; they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

## Peanuts



## LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

One sterling	1.4642

## WORLD

## Police free Heineken chief

AMSTERDAM (R) — Dutch police Wednesday freed the kidnapped chairman of Heineken Breweries, Freddie Heineken, and his chauffeur and arrested three of six people alleged to have organised the 21-day-old abduction.

Mr. Heineken, 60, and the 57-year-old chauffeur, Ab Dodderer, were found handcuffed and chained by police in a dawn raid on an Amsterdam timber yard, police chief inspector Kees Sietma told a press conference.

Both were in good health but need rest.

Mr. Heineken's company, the largest beer producer in Europe, paid a large ransom on Monday but several million guilders of this had already been recovered, Inspector Sietma said. He did not give the exact size of the ransom.

A further 21 people linked to the kidnappers were arrested in more than 20 raids early Wednesday, added Mr. Sietma, who headed the police enquiry.

## U.S. statement on Taiwan upsets China

NAGASAKI, Japan (R) — China's Foreign Minister Wu Xueqian has denounced a White House statement on Taiwan as a "plot to fabricate two Chinas." Kyodo news agency reported Wednesday.

The denunciation came at the end of an eight-day visit to Japan by Mr. Wu and Chinese Communist Party leader Hu Yaobang, who both left for home after a farewell press conference.

Mr. Wu criticised a statement issued on Monday by White House deputy spokesman Larry Speakes on the subject of a new row between Washington and Peking over Taiwan.

China has protested to the United States about a congressional resolution saying the status of Taiwan should be settled in consultation with the Taiwanese people.

At a press conference in Tokyo on Saturday Mr. Hu said unless a suitable reply to the protest was made China might have to think again about a projected visit to the U.S. by Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang.

Questioned about this Wednesday, Mr. Wu said: "It is necessary to create a suitable atmosphere for the visit by Prime Minister Zhao." Kyodo reported.

Mr. Speakes had said the congressional measure did not change U.S. policy towards China and should not affect the visit by Mr. Zhao.

Apparently this failed to satisfy Mr. Wu who, along with Mr. Hu, was winding up a four-day tour of Japanese provincial cities.

## GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN  
© 1983 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

## SEEING SPOTS BEFORE HIS EYES

Both vulnerable. South deals.

**NORTH**  
♦ 643  
♥ K64  
♦ QAK24  
♦ Q5  
**WEST** ♦ AKQ98 ♦ 1075  
♦ K53 ♠ 2  
♦ Q105 ♠ AJ4  
♦ K9 ♠ 1087632  
**SOUTH**  
♦ J2  
♥ A9Q1087  
♦ Q105  
♦ AJ4  
The bidding:  
South West North East  
1 ♠ 1 ♠ 2 ♠ Pass  
3 ♠ Pass 4 ♠ Pass  
Pass Pass  
Opening lead: King of ♣.

There are many card combinations we recognize and tend to play automatically. That can be an expensive pastime.

The bidding was normal. West's one-level overcall is beyond reproach and North certainly had the values to introduce his suit at the two-level. The final contract was eminently sound.

West attacked with three rounds of spades, declarer ruffing the last. Since West was long in spades, it seemed likely that he would be the one to be short in hearts. So declarer continued with the ace of hearts and a heart to the king. That would have

had demanded up to \$10 million for his freedom.

Mr. Heineken, 60, was seized by three armed men after stepping out of his office on the night of Nov. 9.

His chauffeur, 57-year-old Ab Dodderer, was also grabbed after a brief scuffle as he went to Mr. Heineken's aid.

Mr. Heineken's company, the largest beer producer in Europe, said the next day it had received a note from the kidnappers and was ready to pay a ransom for the two men.

The company and police then imposed a news blackout, in line with a demand from the kidnappers, and refused any further official information on the abduction or the search.

Police sources said that police had launched their largest single search operation, while newspapers reported that the brewery was trying to keep in touch with the kidnappers through classified advertisements in the *Telegraaf*.

Dutch newspapers have previously reported the kidnappers

newspaper.

During the past three weeks, various clues were reported in the search for Heineken, a leading figure in Dutch business life, but police sources said most proved false trails.

Early in the hunt, police focused heavy attention on Dutch professional criminals, the sources added.

Many aspects of the kidnapping, particularly its careful preparation, indicated it had been carried out by an experienced and well-organised gang which included several Dutchmen, they said.

The gang apparently planned the operation some months ago, as the van used in the getaway was stolen last July. They also succeeded in following Mr. Heineken's movements, despite the brewery magnate's care over security, since they were waiting for him as he stepped from his office to walk to his car.

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Police made scores of arrests as scuffles broke out outside the plant of a local newspaper group in conflict with Britain's most powerful print union, the National Graphical Association (NGA).

The NGA, seeking to get six sacked members reinstated by the group, had urged other unions to help prevent the local papers being printed and distributed. Officially organised "sympathy action" by outsiders not directly involved in a dispute is now illegal.

Several policemen and pickets were hurt when the crowd surged forward against the lines of policemen flanking the building in Warrington, northwest England.

Miners, dockers, transport and local government workers were among the demonstrators who converged on the works from all over Britain. Many arrived in special coaches.

At least 21 police were injured, including one who was knocked unconscious by a bottle which hit him on the back of the neck, a police spokesman said.

Police seized 250,000, a total circulation of 250,000, was a court action against the NGA for illegal picketing last week. The union has had £175,000 (\$260,000) of its funds seized for contempt of court in refusing to meet the court's order.

## British unionists, police clash at print works

WARRINGTON, England (R) —

About 4,000 British trade unionists, boozing and hurling missiles, clashed with police in the biggest challenge by organised labour to Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's policy of trying to curb union powers.

They demonstrated outside a northern England print works in defiance of the Conservative government's laws against mass picketing.

At least 21 police were injured, including one who was knocked unconscious by a bottle which hit him on the back of the neck, a police spokesman said.

Police seized 250,000, a total circulation of 250,000, was a court action against the NGA for illegal picketing last week. The union has had £175,000 (\$260,000) of its funds seized for contempt of court in refusing to meet the court's order.

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Several policemen and pickets were hurt when the crowd surged forward against the lines of policemen flanking the building in Warrington, northwest England.

Miners, dockers, transport and local government workers were among the demonstrators who converged on the works from all over Britain. Many arrived in special coaches.

Inside the premises the 120-strong staff prepared the newsmen protected by privately-hired security guards. Their boss, Eddie Shah, provided bunk-beds, cooking facilities, a large freezer crammed with food and cards and video recorders in case of a long siege.

Mr. Shah, 39, who was built a group with a total circulation of 250,000, was a court action against the NGA for illegal picketing last week. The union has had £175,000 (\$260,000) of its funds seized for contempt of court in refusing to meet the court's order.

## COLUMNS 7&amp;8

## Parcels can proceed to Soviet Union

HELSINKI (R) — Five parcels intended for the Soviet Union, which had been stopped at Helsinki Airport, will be allowed to proceed, a spokesman for the forwarding company said Wednesday. The parcels had arrived by air from Los Angeles and had been stopped at the request of the U.S. authorities. A spokesman for the Finnish company which was to forward the consignment to the Soviet Union said the company had been told by telephone that the U.S. authorities had withdrawn a request to stop the parcels as they were known to contain hospital supplies.

## Judge threatens Flynt with jail

LOS ANGELES (R) — A judge said he would send *girlie* magazine publisher Larry Flynt to jail on Dec. 9 if he still refused to reveal the source of a tape recording involving carmaker John de Lorean. "Someone is going to have the raise the white flag over this court because not even with a hot lead enema will I reveal my source," Mr. Flynt declared. "I am in fear of my life from the mob or the KGB if I divulge my source," he added without offering any explanation.

## Canadian rape victim jailed

OTTAWA (R) — The victim of an alleged rape has been jailed for one week for refusing to testify against two men who were charged with assaulting her but were then set free for lack of evidence. The woman, whose name was not released, was led sobbing from the court. She refused to testify because she said she feared for herself and her family. Despite pleas from both the defence and prosecution, Justice Joseph O'Brien decided to jail the woman because failure to do so would "encourage anarchy," he said.

## Hater of royalty sent to madhouse

AYLESBURY, England (R) — An unemployed man who threatened to kill Queen Elizabeth, her son Prince Charles and her daughter-in-law Princess Diana was sent to a mental hospital Tuesday. Dunstan Dunstan, 29, made the threats last July in letters to Buckingham Palace and to a local newspaper, a court was told. In his letter to the queen he called her degenerate and added: "If Charles has another son by Diana I will assassinate him." To Prince Charles he wrote: "No state funerals for traitors."

## Surinam alleges exiles' coup bid

AMSTERDAM (R) — Surinam's left-wing military government has accused the country's main exiled opposition movement of trying to stage a coup and has arrested at least 111 alleged plotters, according to the Dutch news agency ANP. At a press conference Tuesday in the former Dutch colony, a military spokesman was reported as saying the Surinam liberation council, based in the Netherlands, had launched a plan to cause chaos in Surinam and pave the way for a mercenary invasion.

## Filipino detainees' families protest

MANILA (R) — About 50 families and supporters of detainees held in military camps Wednesday started a five-day fast in a park in the Philippines capital to back demands for a general amnesty for political prisoners.

Meanwhile, President Ferdinand Marcos Wednesday visited the northern Philippine mountain resort city of Baguio on his first trip out of the presidential palace in four months.

Mr. Marcos, 66, is not known to have left the grounds of the Malacanang Palace since the assassination of opposition leader Benigno Aquino on Aug. 21.

The hunger strikers put up symbolic prison walls and barbed wire fencing around the park outside the 350-year-old Manila cathedral in the old part of the city.

They said they would eat only a simple breakfast and take liquids during their fast. Most are wives of detainees but they also include numbers and sympathisers from several opposition groups.

The detainees, in at least nine detention centres in the Phi-

ippines, have also joined the fast to dramatise their complaints against alleged torture and solitary confinement, a spokesman said.

In Manila, Filipino workers Wednesday formally launched the new Labour Party of the Philippines at a rally attended by some 1,000 labourers.

The meeting, held on a national holiday commemorating revolutionary war hero Andres Bonifacio, was coupled with attacks on multi-national companies operating in the Philippines and on the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and World Bank.

## Sind political detainees start 24-hour protest

KARACHI (R) — Political prisoners in Pakistan's southern province of Sind went on a 24-hour hunger strike Wednesday to protest against the alleged torture of detained dissidents by police, an opposition spokesman said. The spokesman of the opposition Movement for the Restoration of Democracy (MRD) said the prisoners began the strike in the morning at several jails in Sind, home province of executed former Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto.

The authorities have denied the torture allegations made by the MRD, and alliance of nine banned political parties which launched an anti-government campaign on Aug. 14.

Thousands of people have been arrested and, according to official estimates, more than 60 killed in clashes during the campaign aimed at immediate national elections and an end to 6-1/2 years of martial law. The opposition puts the number of dead at several hundred.

MRD Convenor Mohammad Shah Amrozi said top officials visited Sukkur jail in Sind Tuesday to ask the politicians detained there not to go on a hunger strike.

The officials promised to improve conditions, he said, but the politicians refused to listen to them and went on hunger strike Wednesday.

No official confirmation of the prisoners' fast was immediately available.

Fatehyab Ali Khan, chief of the banned Pakistan Mazdoor Kissan (labour and farmers) Party, said in a statement smuggled out of Sukkur jail that NOK political prisoners there would start a fast unto death programme unless the MRD demands were met.

Police sources said some people attacked a government bus Tuesday night and set it ablaze at Lar-kana, Mr. Bhutto's home town about 480 kilometers north of Karachi.

## Dhaka expels 18 Soviet diplomats after protests

DHAKA (R) — Bangladesh has ordered the expulsion of 18 Soviet diplomats and told the Kremlin to close its cultural centre in Dhaka, an authoritative government source said Wednesday.

He said the Soviet ambassador in Bangladesh, Valentine Pavlovich Stephanov, was called to the foreign office on Monday — soon after anti-government violence flared in Dhaka — and told Moscow's diplomatic representation was being halved.

The Soviet Union has more than 110 employees. 56 of them diplomats, at its Dhaka embassy, the biggest foreign mission in Bangladesh.

There was no official comment on the expulsions. The source said they were ordered because of the unusually large Soviet representation in Bangladesh and following reports that many embassy officials were meddling in the country's internal politics.

Three Soviet diplomats were expelled from Bangladesh in 1981 after they were caught taking pictures of key installations near Jatiyapur, just outside Dhaka.

Later, in the same year, airport security officials seized several crates containing electronic spy equipment being unloaded from an Aeroflot airliner.

Meanwhile, military authorities have arrested 160 people for their role in the recent anti-government demonstrations, which left four dead and 400 injured, the government said Wednesday.

An official announcement said those arrested would be sent for trial, adding that the detained included the widow of former assi-

## CLOTHES ENCOUNTERS

By Madeline Miller

**ACROSS**  
1 Smart  
3 Ref's kin  
9 Not here; abbr.  
12 Mock letters  
14 Beeswax less  
severe  
16 Sped  
18 Sped  
22 Army  
24 Snoot  
26 Gambling debt  
28 High flyer  
30 Reckless  
32 Retraining  
34 Retrain  
36 Work gang  
38 Lower in worth  
39 Knockout count

**DOWN**  
1 Phase  
2 Man on a pedestal  
3 Type of type  
4 Cameraman's maneuver  
5 Not the actress  
6 Year part  
7 Divide in a  
8 Capital Hill  
group  
9 Eastern  
10 Distant  
foreigner  
11 Priestly  
ceremony  
12 Field  
13 Motors  
14 Weapons  
suppliers  
16 Tropes

**Diagonals**  
21 X 17, by James & Phyllis Barrick

**ACROSS**  
22 Rainbox  
23 Humorous  
25 Painful  
places  
27 Artful  
old  
28 Old  
"They're not  
pass."  
29 Raincoat  
30 Purist  
32 Comes up  
residence  
34 Spinet

**DOWN**  
11 Certain  
calendar!  
body  
12 Firm  
14 Watch part  
16 Terrible  
ringlet  
18 Fly  
19 Various items  
22 Fly  
24 — judicata  
25 Female ones  
27 Big building  
28 Machine part

**ACROSS**  
31 Fleming or  
Smith  
33 Flaming  
34 Flat-bottomed  
boat  
36 — a million  
(very rare)  
37 Legal tender  
38 Acquired  
40 Deprivation  
42 Taste

**DOWN**  
35 Worked on a  
test  
45 Scappy  
46 Lots  
48 Large antelope  
49 Clemency  
50 Schoolboy's  
shay.  
52 Like a boor  
53 Color cloth  
54 Owns  
56 Flying  
creatures

**ACROSS**  
73 Percheron,  
for one  
74 Stingers  
75 Harpoon  
76 River of Italy  
77 Govt. agency  
78 Fancy openings  
79 New Orleans  
university  
80 Arm of the sea  
81 Floor piece  
82 Crappy mill  
83 Conducted  
84 Chipped  
85 "The Good" —  
86 Chipped  
87 "The Bad"  
88 French  
89 Word of  
reproach  
90 Reproves  
severely  
91 Becomes  
92 Embroidered  
93 Mourns —  
94 Above, to poets

**DOWN**  
95 Sardonyx's  
state  
96 Night light  
97 Like winter  
weather  
98 Rubber tree  
99 Moss  
100 "Very  
silly" hits  
101 Indians of  
Peru  
102 Recklessly  
gaily  
103 Black  
104 "Hail to  
victory"  
105 "The  
Duchess"  
106 "Shoe  
Indians  
city  
10